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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/789,425	02/27/2004	Michael L. Petroff	044191/0300141 PRN-012	5685

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EXAMINER

MONIKANG, GEORGE C

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2614

MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
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11/12/2008

PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/789,425	Applicant(s) PETROFF, MICHAEL L.	
	Examiner GEORGE C. MONIKANG	Art Unit 2614	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 December 2007.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-28 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-28 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed 11/08/2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

With regards to applicant's argument that the Bosnak reference has a different teaching than the AAPA, the examiner maintains his stand. The Bosnak reference discloses the limitation of claim 3 as claimed. Therefore it would have been obvious to use the teachings of Bosnak to improve the system of the AAPA and Yamaguchi for the purpose of producing higher levels of sound.

Response to Amendment

2. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire **THREE MONTHS** from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within **TWO MONTHS** of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the **THREE-MONTH** shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

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the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

3. Claims 1, 7, 12, 18, 22 & 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over applicants admitted prior art (hereinafter referred to as AAPA, fig. 1; paras 0002-0006), in view of Yamaguchi, US Patent 5,796,852.

Re Claim 1, AAPA discloses a speaker system providing enhanced intelligibility of a reproduced audio program signal in the presence of ambient noise (para 0005) comprising: means for receiving the reproduced audio program signal (fig. 1: Sin; para 0005); a microphone for monitoring at least ambient noise signals and for providing a microphone output signal (fig. 1: MIC1; para 0005); means for enabling the microphone

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output signal during first increments of time when the reproduced audio program signal is substantially off (para 0005: process control signal S3 is only provided when program signal S4 is in off state), and disabling the microphone output signal during second increments of time when the reproduced audio program signal is on (para 0005: process control signal S3 is only provided when program signal S4 is in off state), such that the microphone output signal includes ambient noise signal components without including reproduced program signal components (para 0005: system operates when S_{in} is below threshold level, if S_{in} is above threshold level then system will be in ON state which will allow reproduced program signal components); and a signal processor (fig. 1: P1), in communication with the means for receiving and the means for enabling/disabling (fig. 1: P1, S_{in} & S3; para 0005), for applying the first transfer function to the reproduced audio program signal (fig. 1: f1; para 0005), but fails to disclose incrementally increasing gain adjustments to the reproduced audio program signal as a function of an increasing amplitude of the output signal (Yamaguchi, abstract; col. 6, lines 38-48), incrementally decreasing gain adjustments to the reproduced audio program signal as a function of a decreasing amplitude of the output signal (Yamaguchi, abstract; col. 6, lines 38-48) as taught in Yamaguchi. It would have been obvious to modify the system of AAPA with the gain adjustments abilities of Yamaguchi (Yamaguchi, abstract; col. 6, lines 38-48) for the purpose of providing a variable volume control system.

Claim 7 has been analyzed and rejected according to claim 1.

Claim 12 has been analyzed and rejected according to claim 1.

Claim 18 has been analyzed and rejected according to claim 1.

Claim 22 has been analyzed and rejected according to claim 1.

Claim 25 has been analyzed and rejected according to claim 1.

4. Claims 2, 13, 19 & 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over AAPA, in view of Yamaguchi, US Patent 5,796,852.

Re Claim 2, AAPA and Yamaguchi do not disclose the speaker system according to claim 1, wherein the incremental gain adjustments are in steps of between about 1 dB and about 10 dB.

However, such a limitation is the inventor's preference thus it would have been obvious for AAPA to modify the speaker system for the motivation of providing a broad sound range.

Claim 13 has been analyzed and rejected according to claims 1-2.

Claim 19 has been analyzed and rejected according to claim 2.

Claim 26 has been analyzed and rejected according to claims 1-2.

Claims 3, 5, 8, 10, 14, 16, 20-21, 23-24 & 27-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over AAPA and Yamaguchi, US Patent 5,796,852 as applied to claim 1 above, in view of Bosnak, US Patent 4,554,533.

Re Claim 3, AAPA discloses the speaker system according to claim 1, but fails to disclose further comprising a first amplifier having an input and an output, the first

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amplifier input coupled to the output signal of the signal processor and the first amplifier output coupled to input of a first speaker. However, Bosnak does (Bosnak, fig. 1: 20, 14'). It would have been obvious to modify the system of AAPA and Yamaguchi with an amplifier connection as taught in Bosnak (Bosnak, fig. 1: 20, 14') for the purpose of producing higher levels of sound.

Re Claim 5, the combined teachings of AAPA, Yamaguchi and Bosnak disclose the speaker system according to claim 3, further comprising: a low-pass filter having an input and an output (Bosnak, fig. 1: 52), the filter input coupled to the signal process output signal of the signal process and the filter output augmenting the first speaker output in a low frequency region (Bosnak, fig. 1: 20, 52); and a second amplifier having an input and output (Bosnak, fig. 1: 14), the first amplifier input coupled to the filter output and the first amplifier output coupled to a second speaker input of a second speaker (Bosnak, fig. 1: 14, 10).

Claim 8 has been analyzed and rejected according to claim 3.

Claim 10 has been analyzed and rejected according to claim 5.

Claim 14 has been analyzed and rejected according to claim 3.

Claim 16 has been analyzed and rejected according to claim 5.

Claim 20 has been analyzed and rejected according to claim 3.

Claim 21 has been analyzed and rejected according to claim 5.

Claim 23 has been analyzed and rejected according to claim 3.

Claim 24 has been analyzed and rejected according to claim 5.

Claim 27 has been analyzed and rejected according to claim 3.

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Claim 28 has been analyzed and rejected according to claim 5.

Claims 4, 6, 9, 11, 15 & 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over AAPA, Yamaguchi, US Patent 5,796,852 and Bosnak, US Patent 4,554,533 as applied to claim 3 above, and in further view of Tanaka et al, US Patent 5,588,065.

Re Claim 4, the combined teachings of AAPA, Yamaguchi and Bosnak disclose the speaker system according to claim 3, but fail to disclose wherein the first speaker comprises a single speaker driver having a diaphragm diameter not greater than about 100 centimeters (cm). However, Tanaka et al does (*Tanaka et al, col. 11, lines 52-67*). It would have been obvious to incorporate the speaker of Tanaka et al (*Tanaka et al, col. 11, lines 52-67*) into the speaker system of AAPA, Yamaguchi and Bosnak for the purpose of providing direct but incremental amplitude compensation.

Claim 6 has been analyzed and rejected according to claim 4.

Claim 9 has been analyzed and rejected according to claim 4.

Claim 11 has been analyzed and rejected according to claim 4.

Claim 15 has been analyzed and rejected according to claim 4.

Claim 17 has been analyzed and rejected according to claim 4.

Contact

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to GEORGE C. MONIKANG whose telephone number is (571)270-1190. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F. alt Fri. Off 7:30am-5:00pm (est).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chin Vivian can be reached on 571-272-7848. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/George C Monikang/
Examiner, Art Unit 2614

11/08/2008

/Vivian Chin/
Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2614